

PARTS OF SPEECH

LearnFrenzy Grammar Series

*A sentence is a systematic group of words that expresses a complete sense. In English Grammar, various types of words are combined to form Phrases, Clauses, and Sentences. These different types of words are known as **Parts of Speech**.*

1. NOUN

A noun is the name of a person, place or thing.

e.g. Amit, Delhi, Book, Government, Darkness etc.

- (a) **Ramesh** (noun) was running in the **field** (noun) while listening to **music** (noun).
- (b) **Adamyia** (noun) is admired for his **honesty** (noun).

2. PRONOUN

A pronoun is a word used instead of a noun.

e.g. he, she, it, they, this, that, these, those etc.

- (a) Prashant is diligent because **he** (pro.) is used to working till late at night.
- (b) **These** (pro.) are my books and **those** (pro.) are **yours** (pro.).

3. ADJECTIVE

An adjective is a word used to qualify a noun or pronoun. It provides more information about them.

e.g. brave, coward, diligent, lazy, dark, fair etc.

- (a) Manohar is an **innocent** (adj.) boy.
- (b) **Indian** (adj.) soldiers are **brave** (adj.).

4. VERB

A verb is a word that shows an action or state of being.

e.g. play, cry, fly, read, walk etc.

- (a) My friends **play** (verb) football.
- (b) Vultures **fly** (verb) the highest among all birds.

5. ADVERB

An adverb is a word that modifies a verb, an adjective or another adverb.

e.g. rudely, quickly, respectfully, very, fast, only etc.

- (a) He behaves **rudely** (adv.) with me.
- (b) Usain runs **very** (adv.) **fast** (adv.).

6. PREPOSITION

A preposition is a word used to denote the relationships of nouns and pronouns with other words in a sentence.

e.g. in, at, on, with, from, according to, on account of etc.

- (a) The children are playing **on** (prep.) the ground.
- (b) Both of them don't drink alcohol **on account of** (prep.) their poor health.

7. CONJUNCTION

A word or group of words used to join two or more than two words, phrases, clauses or sentences.

e.g. and, because, either...or, after, before, no sooner...than etc.

- (a) You can **either** come with us **or** stay here alone.
- (b) **No sooner** does anyone come at the door **than** my dog begins to bark loudly.

8. INTERJECTION

An interjection is a word used to express strong and sudden feelings or emotions like surprise, enthusiasm, love, anger, fear, etc.

e.g. Alas, Hurray, Ouch, Shh, Oh, Oops etc.

- (a) **Hurray!** We won the match.
(b) **Ouch!** I hurt my hand.

DETERMINERS

Determiners are words that introduce or modify a noun in a sentence. They are often categorized under Adjectives.

- **Articles:** a, an, the
- **Possessives:** my, his, her, your, our, their
- **Demonstratives:** this, that, these, those
- **Quantifiers:** some, all, many, few, one, two